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拓普思

Topthink Technology

检测

Top

报告

Report

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运输单号：

鄱阳县绿能
焚烧发电
有限公司

(检测)

LY2506113W

拓普思能源公司鄱阳县
燃气在线设备比对显
示仪校准服务
环保科技有限公司

拓普思

拓普思技术有限公司

TOP THINK TECHNOLOGY CO.,L

江西

拓普思

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- (2) 根据
- (3) 对
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[illegible]

Figure 1 illustrates the experimental setup. A subject is seated at a table, viewing a video screen. A video camera is positioned above the screen. A target is placed on the table. A horizontal arrow indicates the direction of movement from the starting point to the target. A vertical arrow indicates the direction of movement from the starting point to the video screen. A horizontal arrow indicates the direction of movement from the video screen to the target. A vertical arrow indicates the direction of movement from the video screen to the video camera.

The diagram consists of a large, irregular shape composed of many small, interconnected nodes and lines, resembling a complex network or a map. The nodes are represented by small squares, some of which are filled with different colors (red, green, blue, yellow). The lines connecting the nodes form a dense, web-like structure. The overall shape is elongated and somewhat rectangular, with many protrusions and indentations. The background is white, and the diagram is centered on the page.

Figure 1: Schematic representation of the experimental design. The figure shows a sequence of events: a subject is presented with a stimulus (a word), then a response is generated (a word), and finally, the response is evaluated (a word). The response is then used as the stimulus for the next trial. The process is repeated for multiple trials. The figure is divided into two main sections: 'Stimulus' and 'Response'. The 'Stimulus' section shows a sequence of words: 'The', 'cat', 'sat', 'on', 'the', 'mat'. The 'Response' section shows a sequence of words: 'The', 'cat', 'sat', 'on', 'the', 'mat'. The 'Response' section is further divided into 'Response' and 'Evaluation'.

Abstract The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of a 12-week, low-intensity, low-impact, and low-volume exercise program on the physical fitness of sedentary, middle-aged women. The study was a randomized, controlled trial. The subjects were 30 sedentary, middle-aged women who were randomly assigned to either an exercise group or a control group. The exercise group performed a 12-week, low-intensity, low-impact, and low-volume exercise program. The control group did not exercise. The physical fitness of the subjects was measured at baseline and at the end of the 12-week period. The results of the study showed that the exercise group had significantly higher levels of physical fitness than the control group at the end of the 12-week period. The exercise program was effective in improving the physical fitness of sedentary, middle-aged women.

Figure 1: Schematic representation of the experimental design. The figure is divided into three panels: (a) Pretest, (b) Main experiment, and (c) Posttest. Panel (a) shows a sequence of stimuli: a fixation cross, a target stimulus, and a response. Panel (b) shows a sequence of stimuli: a fixation cross, a target stimulus, a distractor stimulus, and a response. Panel (c) shows a sequence of stimuli: a fixation cross, a target stimulus, a distractor stimulus, and a response. The stimuli are represented by small icons of people in various poses.

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一、前言

页/共 13 页

鄱阳县绿色东方再
克麦哈克（北京）仪器主
化氢、一氧化碳等有
限公司对鄱阳县绿色东
控设备进行对比监测

二、依据

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- (2) 《固定污
- 2017)；
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- 其修改单；
- (4) 《固定污
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三、在线比

根据《关于
【2019】64号,》

检测项

颗粒物

二氧化硫

氮氧化物

一氧化碳

燃气温度

烟气湿度

烟气流速

含氧量

氯化氢

报告编号

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大流量烟

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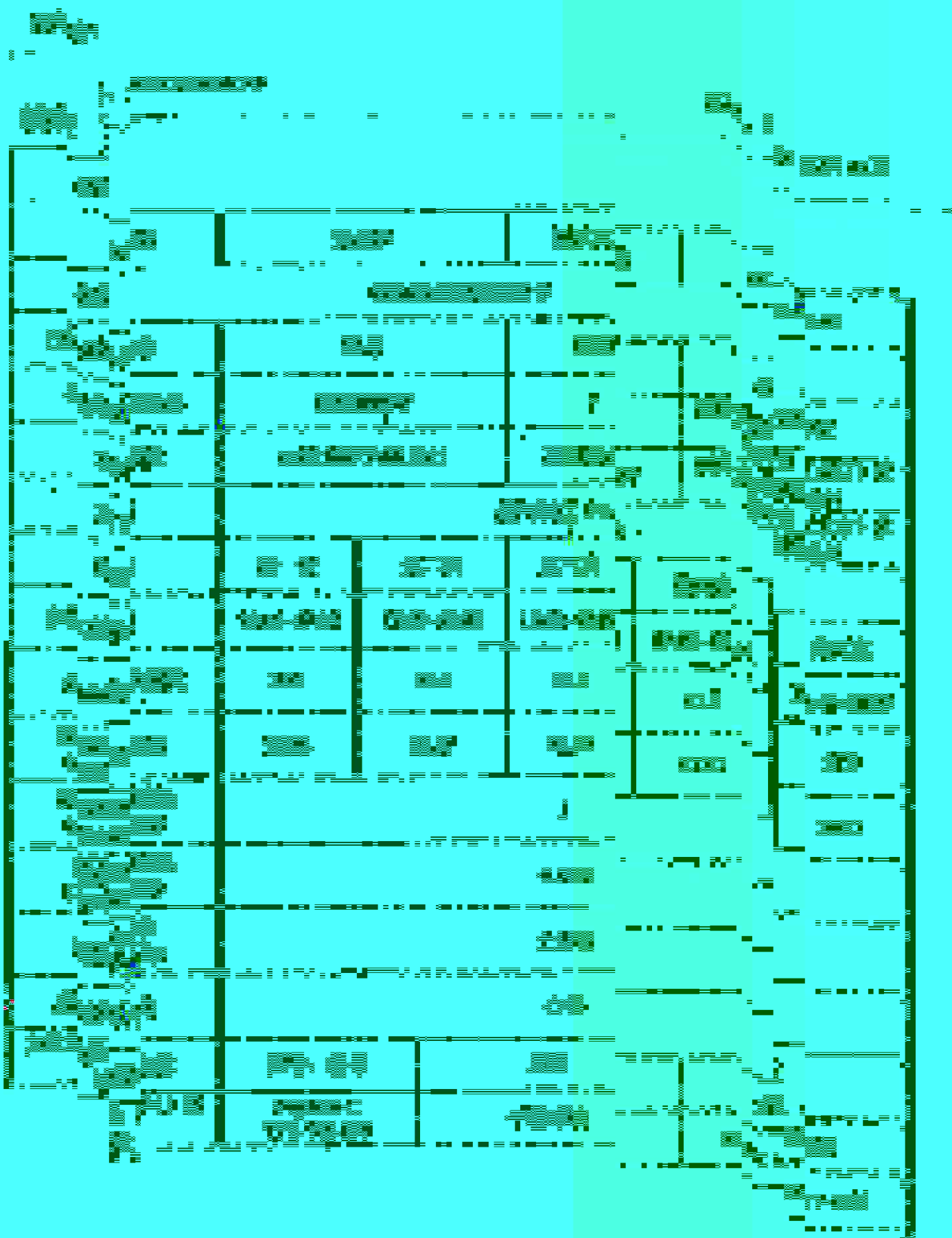
2014年12月

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式)器在銀頁欠耐法45餘計光電要誤評



续表

测试点位	
仪器名称	
CEMS 在线设备	
压力传感器	
项目	
次数	第一
时间	16:55~17:00
参比方法实测值	-0.34
CEMS 数值	-0.33
比对监测结果 (绝对误差)	
比对监测结果 (相对误差)	
技术要求	
结果评定	
所用仪器名称	型号
大流量烟尘（气）测试仪	YQ3 TPS-

续表

测试	
仪器	
CEMS 在	
氯化氢	
项	
次	
时间	
参比方法	
CEMS	
比对监测 (绝对误差)	
比对监测 (相对误差)	
技术要 (绝对误差)	
结果评	
所用仪器	
可见分光	

2025-06-09

建设单位

麦哈克（北京）仪器有限公司
麦哈克（北京）仪器有限公司

第八次

第九次

22:46~
22:50

23:06~
23:10

179

196

178.258

187.182

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方法依据

HJ 693-2014

报告编号:

续表

测试方法	GB 18983-2003
仪器名称	CEMS 在线监测系统
CEMS 在测点位置	锅炉出口
一氧化碳	0.0001
项目	一氧化碳
次数	1
时间	2011.11.11
参比方法	GB 18983-2003
CEMS	CEMS 在线监测系统
比对监测 (绝对误差)	0.0001
比对监测 (相对误差)	0.0001
技术要求 (绝对误差)	0.0001
结果评价	合格
所用仪器	大流量抽气泵
大流量抽气泵 (气) 测试	0.0001
备注:	“<”表示小于等于

